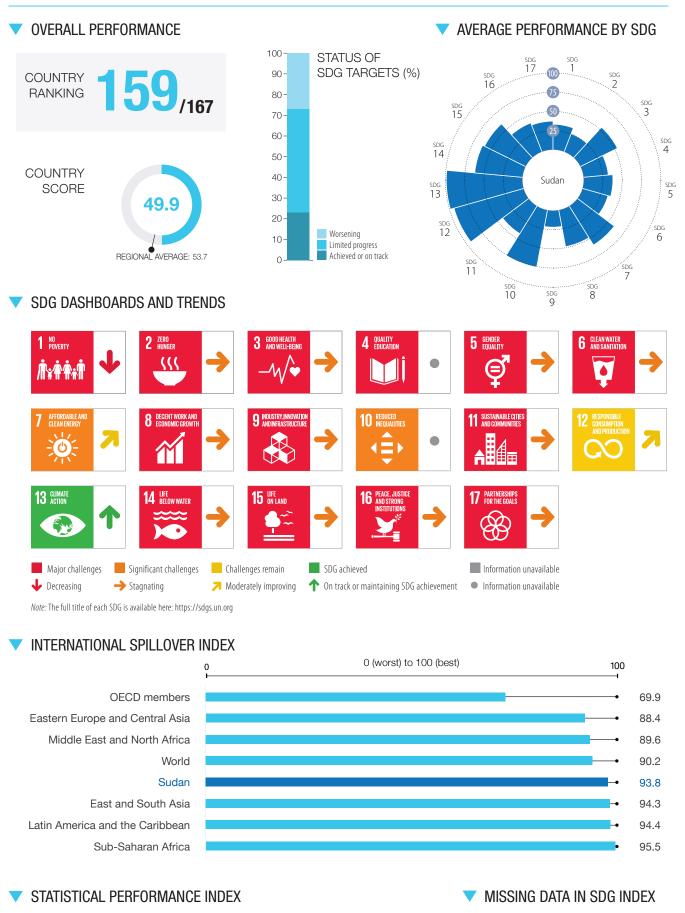
SUDAN

4%



0 (worst) to 100 (best) 100 **43.6**

0

SUDAN

SDG1 – No Poverty Poverty headcount ratio at \$2.15/day (2017 PPP, %)		Year Ra 2024	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$2.15/day (2017 PPP, %)		2024		Ť
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	50.2	2024	-	-
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	11.9	2021	•	↓
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2014	•	•
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2014	•	•
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)			•	↓
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4	2021	•	•
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	0.8	2022	•	→
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.1	2018	•	→
Exports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	NA	NA	•	٠
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				
Maternal mortality ratio (per 100,000 live births)	270.4	2020	•	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	25.7	2022	•	→
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	51.6	2022	•	7
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	54.0	2022	•	7
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1	2022	•	⇒
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	22.8	2019	•	÷
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	145	2019	•	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	19.6	2021	•	7
Life expectancy at birth (years)		2021	•	•
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)	86.8	2013	•	٠
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	77.7	2014	•	٠
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	81	2022	•	+
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	44	2021	•	⇒
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4.1	2014	•	•
SDG4 – Quality Education				
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	38.6	2018	•	•
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	66.1	2018	•	٠
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	54.3	2018	•	٠
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	73.0	2018	•	•
SDG5 – Gender Equality				
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49)		2014	•	⇒
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2022	•	7
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2023	•	4
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	27.7	2019	•	•
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	64.9	2022	•	→
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	36.9	2020	•	٠
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2021	•	→
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2020	•	٠
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ H ₂ O eq/capita)	154.1	2024	•	Τ
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				
Population with access to electricity (%)		2021	•	7
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	62.8	2021	•	Ϯ
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.2	2022	•	1
Renewable energy share in total final energy consumption (%)	22.9	2020	•	4
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-9.5	2022	•	٠
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	4.0	2022	•	٠
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	15.3	2014	•	•
Unemployment rate (% of total labor force, ages 15+)	20.8	2024	•	↓
	0.29	2022	•	
Fundamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)				
Fundamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best) Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	•	Т

SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value	Year F	Rating	Tren
Rural population with access to all-season roads (%)	56.8	2024	٠	•
Population using the internet (%)	28.7	2022	٠	7
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	47.6	2022	•	7
Logistics Performance Index: Infrastructure score (worst 1–5 best)	2.3	2023	•	->
The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	• 0.0	2024	•	•
Articles published in academic journals (per 1,000 population)	0.0	2022	٠	→
Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.2	2005	•	•
SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Gini coefficient		2014		•
Palma ratio	1.4	2014	•	•
SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	73.7	2020	٠	4
Annual mean concentration of PM2.5 (μg/m³)	38.6	2022	•	-
Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	82.1	2022	٠	7
Population with convenient access to public transport in cities (%)	16.6	2020	٠	
SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.2	2015	٠	٠
Electronic waste (kg/capita)	2.1	2019	٠	
Production-based air pollution (DALYs per 1,000 population)	0.6	2024	٠	1
Air pollution associated with imports (DALYs per 1,000 population)	0.3	2024	٠	1
Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	30.4	2024	•	-
Vitrogen emissions associated with imports (kg/capita)	1.2	2024	•	1
Exports of plastic waste (kg/capita)	0.2	2018	•	•
5DG13 – Climate Action				
CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.5	2022	•	4
GHG emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2022		•
CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		NA		
5DG14 – Life Below Water	11/1	11/4	-	-
	40.0	2022		
Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2023		T
Dcean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2023		¥
ish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2018		•
Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)		2009		•
Fish caught that are then discarded (%)		2009	•	
Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	NA	NA	•	•
SDG15 – Life on Land	17.0	2022		
Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2023		7
Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2023		-
Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.91	2024	•	-
Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 3-year average)	0.0	2022	٠	1
mported deforestation (m²/capita)	0.2	2022	٠	1
SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
Homicides (per 100,000 population)	NA	NA	٠	
Crime is effectively controlled (worst 0–1 best)	0.61	2022	٠	
Insentenced detainees (% of prison population)	20.4	2014	٠	
Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2014		•
Corruption Perceptions Index (worst 0–1 best)		2023	•	-
Children involved in child labor (%)		2023		
Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)		2013	•	•
	25.7	2024		
Press Freedom Index (worst 0–1 best)		2024	-	-
Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)		2022		
Timeliness of administrative proceedings (worst 0–1 best)		2022		•
Expropriations are lawful and adequately compensated (worst 0–1 best)	0.28	2022	•	•
Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	2.8	2021	•	J
For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)		NA	•	•
	0.0	2014	-	~
Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)		2016	•	•
		2021		
Corporate Tax Haven score (best 0–100 worst)	0			
	43.6	2021 2022 2023		•

* Imputed data point, ** Not applicable $\ensuremath{\mathsf{NA}}\xspace = \ensuremath{\mathsf{Data}}\xspace$ not available