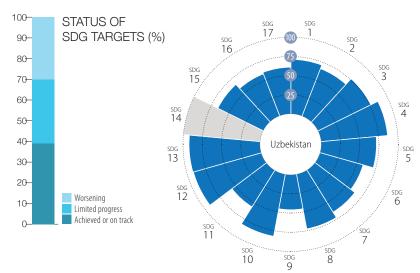
OVERALL PERFORMANCE

COUNTRY RANKING



AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS





























Decreasing





Moderately improving



• On track or maintaining SDG achievement

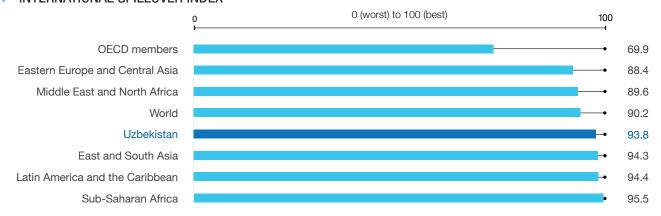


Information unavailable Information unavailable

Note: The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sdgs.un.org

→ Stagnating

INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX



SDG achieved

STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX



MISSING DATA IN SDG INDEX

4%

UZBEKISTAN

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value Year Rating Tre	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value Year Rating Tre
Poverty headcount ratio at \$2.15/day (2017 PPP, %)	0.7 2024 • 1	Rural population with access to all-season roads (%)	88.6 2024 •
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.65/day (2017 PPP, %)	29.9 2024 • 2	Population using the internet (%)	83.9 2022 • 1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger		Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	106.7 2022 • 1
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5 2021 • 1	Logistics Performance Index: Infrastructure score (worst 1–5 best)	2.4 2023 • 🔻
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	6.5 2021	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	* 0.0 2024 •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.4 2021	top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	0.0 2024
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	30.0 2022 • 🔻	Articles published in academic journals (per 1,000 population)	0.1 2022 • 🗧
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3 2021 • =	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.2 2022 • 🕨
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	5.0 2022 • 1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.7 2018 • 🔻	Gini coefficient	35.3 2003 •
Exports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	0.1 2021 • •	Palma ratio	1.1 2022 •
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being		SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	
Maternal mortality ratio (per 100,000 live births)	30.2 2020 • 1	Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	NA NA •
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	7.6 2022 • 1	Annual mean concentration of PM2.5 (μg/m³)	31.8 2022 • 🔻
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	13.3 2022 • 1	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	85.2 2022 • 🕨
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	83.0 2022 • =	Population with convenient access to public transport in cities (%)	21.9 2020 • •
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA NA •	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	25.3 2019 • 2	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.4 2012
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	∠J.J ∠UIJ ▼	Electronic waste (kg/capita)	NA NA •
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	152 2019 •	Production-based air pollution (DALYs per 1,000 population)	3.5 2024 🔸 🗧
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)		Air pollution associated with imports (DALYs per 1,000 population)	1.2 2024 • 🗧
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	9.3 2021	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	24.6 2024 🔸 🔫
Life expectancy at birth (years)	70.9 2021	Nitrogen emissions associated with imports (kg/capita)	3.4 2024 • 1
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)	36.1 2022	Exports of plastic waste (kg/capita)	0.0 2022 • 1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.0 2022	SDG13 – Climate Action	
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99 2022 • 1	CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.5 2022 • 🗧
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	75 2021 🔸 🧦	GHG emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.0 2021 • 🔫
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.4 2023 • 1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	258.4 2022
SDG4 – Quality Education	0.4 2023	SDG14 – Life Below Water	
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA NA •
(% of children aged 4 to 6)	70.4 2023 • 1	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	NA NA •
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	96.0 2023	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA NA •
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	97.6 2022	Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)	NA NA •
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	100.0 2022 • 1	Fish caught that are then discarded (%)	NA NA •
SDG5 – Gender Equality		Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0 2018
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods	* 041 2024	SDG15 – Life on Land	
(% of females aged 15 to 49)	* 84.1 2024 • 1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	20.5 2023 • 🔫
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	97.3 2022 🔸 🧦	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	19.2 2023 • 🗧
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	54.8 2023 •	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.97 2024 • 🔫
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	34.6 2024 • 1	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 3-year average)	0.0 2022 • 1
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation		Imported deforestation (m ² /capita)	1.8 2022 • 🗧
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	96.6 2022 • 1	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	96.3 2022 • 1	_	1.4 2021 • 1
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	121.8 2021 • 3	Crime is effectively controlled (worst 0–1 best)	0.91 2022 • 1
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0 2020 •		NA NA •
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ H ₂ O eq/capita)	365.2 2024 • 1		100.0 2022
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy		Corruption Perceptions Index (worst 0–1 best)	33.0 2023 • 7
Population with access to electricity (%)	99.9 2021 • 1	Children involved in child labor (%)	20.6 2022
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	82.8 2021 • 🔻	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per	20.0 2022
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.6 2022 • 2	100,000 population)	0.2 2016 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Renewable energy share in total final energy consumption (%)	1.0 2020 • 🔻	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)	0.50 2022
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth		Timeliness of administrative proceedings (worst 0–1 best)	0.50 2022
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-0.6 2022		
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	7.4 2022		0.29 2022 • -
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	44.1 2021 •	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	8.3 2022
Unemployment rate (% of total labor force, ages 15+)	4.3 2024	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA NA •
Fundamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	0.54 2022	public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	_
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1 2018	Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP) Corporate Tax Haven score (best 0–100 worst)	21.4 2020 • 7 * 0 2021 • •
Victims of modern slavery embodied in imports		Statistical Performance Index (worst 0–100 best)	70.6 2022 • 1
or modern stavery emboured in imports	3.1 2018		

^{*} Imputed data point, ** Not applicable

NA = Data not available

